



## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: VI</b>	<b>Department: Social Science</b>	<b>Sub: Geography</b>
<b>Worksheet No: 19</b>	<b>Topic: India-Climate, Vegetation and Wildlife</b>	<b>Year: 2023-24</b>
<b>I</b>	<b>Multiple Choice Questions: -</b>	
1	The term Monsoon is derived from the Arabic word 'Mausim' which means _____. a.Climate <b>b.Season</b> c.Rain    d.Humidity	
2	Coastal places like Mumbai and _____ experience moderate climate. <b>a. Kolkata</b> b. Delhi    c. Kerala    d. Gujarat.	
3	Gir forest in Gujarat is the home of the _____. a. snow leopards <b>b. Asiatic lions</b> c. Elephants    d. Wild goats	
<b>II</b>	<b>Fill in the blanks: -</b>	
4	The hot and dry winds called as _____, blow during the day in the Northern Plains of India. <b>Loo.</b>	
5	_____ in India is dependent on rains. <b>Agriculture.</b>	
6	Mawsynram in _____ receives the world's highest rainfall. <b>Meghalaya.</b>	
7	The roots of the plants bind the soil and control _____. <b>Soil Erosion.</b>	
<b>III</b>	<b>Answer in one or two sentences:-</b>	
8	What happens in the season of the retreating monsoons? <b>Winds move back from the mainland to the Bay of Bengal.</b>	
9	What is climate? <b>Climate is the average weather condition, which has been measured over many years.</b>	
10	Name the factors that affect the climate of a place. <b>The climate of a place is affected by its location, altitude, distance from the sea and relief.</b>	
11	Name the two regions of Jammu and Kashmir with cold or freezing cold. <b>Drass and Kargil.</b>	
12	Name the two regions of Rajasthan which are very hot. <b>Jaisalmer and Bikaner.</b>	
13	Why is Van Mahotsav arranged? <b>Van Mahotsav is arranged to awaken people to plant more and more trees.</b>	
14	Name the project started by the government to protect tigers? <b>Project Tiger.</b>	
15	Name some migratory birds. <b>Pelican, Siberian Crane, Stork, Flamingo, Pintail, Duck and Curlew.</b>	
16	Name the different types of vegetation found in India. <b>Tropical rain forests, Tropical deciduous forests, Thorny bushes, Mountain Vegetation and Mangrove Forests.</b>	
17	What are the causes for the decline of several wildlife species in India? <b>Due to the cutting of forests and hunting, several species of wildlife of India are declining.</b>	
<b>IV</b>	<b>Observe the given picture below and answer the following:-</b>	

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a. Where are elephants found mostly in India?

**Kerala, Karnataka and in the forests of Assam.**

b. Name our National bird and National animal.

**Peacock and Tiger.**

c. Name the animals found in Himalayan region.

**Wild goats, snow leopards, bears.**

**V**

**Answer in detail:-**

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How are forests important for us?

- **Forests play a vital role in the life of human beings and in their absence.**
  - **Plants release oxygen that we breathe and absorb carbon dioxide.**
  - **The roots of the plants bind the soil and in this way check soil erosion.**
  - **We get several things from the forests, such as wood for furniture, fuel, fodder, medicinal herbs, honey, lac, gum, fruits etc.**
  - **Forests provide natural habitat to wildlife, such as lions, tigers, elephants, monkeys, etc.**
- As forests are so beneficial for us, we must make efforts to conserve it.**

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What should we do to conserve wildlife?

- **We must not involve in the hunting and poaching of wild animals.**
- **We can refuse to buy things made from parts of the bodies of animals such as their bones, horns, fur, skins, and feathers.**
- **We should participate in the wildlife week which falls in the first week of October and try to create awareness of conserving the habitats of the animal kingdom.**

**VI**

**Read the passage below and answer the questions: -**

We see a variety of plant life in our surroundings. How nice it is to play in a field with green grasses. There are also small plants called bushes and shrubs like cactus and flowering plants etc. Besides there are many tall trees some with many branches and leaves like neem, mango or some which stand with few leaves such as palm. The grasses, shrubs and trees, which grow on their own without interference or help from human beings are called natural vegetation.

a. What are bushes?

**Small plants are called bushes.**

b. Name some shrubs.

**Cactus and flowering plants**

c. Define 'natural vegetation'.

**The natural vegetation includes grasses, shrubs and trees, which grow on their own without interference or help from human being are called natural vegetation.**